Anoka-Hennepin Secondary Curriculum Unit Plan

Department:	Mathematics	Course:	Geometry	Unit 6 Title:	Circles	Grade Level(s):	10
Assessed Trimester:	Trimester B	Pacing:	11 - 13 days	Date Created:	05/22/2014	Last Revision Date:	08/20/2014

Course Understandings: Students will understand that:

- E. Properties of polygons can be used to solve real-world and mathematical problems and to logically justify results in geometry.
- F. Properties of circles can be used to solve real-world and mathematical problems and to logically justify results in geometry
- G. Real-world and mathematical geometric problems can be solved using algebraic.

DESIRED RESULTS (Stage 1) - WHAT WE WANT STUDENT TO KNOW AND BE ABLE TO DO?

Established Goals

Minnesota State/Local/Technology Standard(s) addressed (2007):

- Standard (9.3.3.#): Know and apply properties of geometric figures to solve real-world and mathematical problems and to logically justify results in geometry.

 Benchmark:
 - **9.3.3.8** Know and apply properties of a circle to solve problems and logically justify results.
- Standard (9.3.4.#): Solve real-world and mathematical geometric problems using algebraic methods.

Benchmark:

9.3.4.5 Know the equation for the graph of a circle with radius r and center (h, k), $(x - h)^2 + (y - k)^2 = r^2$, and justify this equation using the Pythagorean Theorem and properties of translations.

Transfer

Students will be able to independently use their learning to: (product, high order reasoning)

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Meaning

Unit Understanding(s): Students will understand that:

- given a circles radius, circumference and area of a circle can be calculated.
- given measure of a central angle, the arc measures of a circle can be calculated.
- given measure of an angle with vertex inside the circle, the arc measures of a circle can be calculated.
- given measure of an angle with vertex outside the circle, the arc measures of a circle can be calculated.

Essential Question(s):

Acquisition

Knowledge - Students will:

- Know the segments and lines related to circles:
 - Secant
 - Tangent

Reasoning - Students will:

Students will keep considering:

- Interpret given information to classify various situations
- Distinguish the center and radius within a circle
- Given the graph of a circle use the center and radius to write an equation

- o Chord
- Know arcs and angles related to circles:
 - Central angle
 - Major Arc
 - Minor Arc
 - Inscribed angle
 - Intercepted arc
 - o Semicircle
- Distance formulas
- Standard form for the equation of a circle
- Recognize the difference between inscribed and circumscribed polygons
- Identify the center and radius of a circle from a diagram and/or an equation

- Justify the equation of a circle using the Pythagorean Theorem and the distance formula
- Justify when to use p and when an approximation is sufficient in a specific problem
- Analyze a circle and classify special segments and lines related to the circle

Skills - Students will:

- Calculate missing length, angles, secants, tangents, chords, interior angles, exterior angles, central angles, arc length, and areas
- Demonstrate the ability to use circle theorems and properties to solve problems

Common Misunderstandings

- Students will sometimes mix up the formulas for angle measure when the vertex is inside the circle vs. when the vertex is outside the circle.
- Students sometimes confuse clockwise rotations with counterclockwise rotations.
- Students sometimes confuse a rotation of positive degree measure, which rotates a figure counterclockwise, with a rotation of negative degree measure, which rotates a figure clockwise.
- Students often mistake the formula for slope with the formula for midpoint and/or the Distance Formula.

Essential new vocabulary

- arc length
- central angle
- chord
- circumscribed
- inscribed
- inscribed angle
- intercepted arc
- major Arc
- minor Arc
- secant
- semicircle
- tangent